National Association of State Workforce Agencies

(NASWA)



NASWA's History

- o States attended Conferences of State Officials on Unemployment Compensation meetings to address unemployment issues.
- o Social Security Act signed into law August 14, 1935
- o Interstate Conference of Employment Security Agencies (ICESA)
- o In 2000, ICESA changed its charter to NASWA





Three Main NASWA Functions

- o Advocacy with the U.S. Department of Labor, other federal agencies, and Congress
- o <u>Liaison</u> with the U.S. Department of Labor, other federal agencies, and other organizations
- o <u>Information Exchange</u> among states and with the U.S. Department of Labor, other federal agencies, Congress, and the public





Center for Employment Security Education and Research (CESER)

- o Dedicated to <u>improving state and federal</u> government services to the nation's workers and employers.
- o Receives grants to provide education and research to advance the mission.
- o Most grants have been from the U.S. Department of Labor.





Workforce ATM





- o www.workforceatm.org
- o Member Services page
- o Resources
 - Weekly updates [Bulletin]
 - UI Committee page
 - SUTA Dumping Page
 - UI Forum





NASWA's UI Committee

- o a platform for state input on unemployment insurance policies, performance requirements, administrative financing, and ways to strengthen the state-federal system.
- o Currently 36 states are represented on the Cmte
- o 25 to 30 states actively participate at the qrtly mtngs





NASWA's UI Committee

- o 2005 Activities
 - Priorities Survey
 - UI Administrative Financing
 - The Administration remains committed to UI tax and administrative reform although no legislative proposal is offered this year.
 - Administration is committed to goal of moving responsibility for UI administrative funding to states.





NASWA's UI Committee

o 2005 Activities

- July 2005 Meeting
- Third Party Administrators
- ITSC





USDOL Proposed UI Legislation

The Integrity Act

- Overpayments withheld by IRS from Federal income tax rebates.
- States permitted to use 5% of all recovered overpayments for BPC activities;
- Collection agencies allowed to retain a portion of amount recovered;
- States required to impose a minimum 15% penalty on fraudulent overpayments;
- Employers required to be charged when overpayments are their fault;
- States allowed to borrow from the Federal Unemployment Account to upgrade IT Systems.





UI – ICON Update

- o Router Upgrade and Encryption project
- o SSA/SWA Data Exchange
- o UCFE
- o WRIS
- o State Identifier (SID)
- o Federal Claims Control Center





FY2006 Appropriations

	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2006	FY 2006
	Appropriation	President's Budget	House	Senate
	(3.227 AWIU)	(2.984 AWIU)	(2.984 AWIU)	(2.800 AWIU)
State Admin.	2,663.0	2,622.5	2,622.5	2,600.0
National Activities	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.0
TOTAL	2,673.4	2,632.9	2,632.9	2,610.0





RJM Requests

o Base resources requested:

	FY07	FY06	Difference
National Total	\$2,922,551,890	\$2,838,467,458	\$84,084,432

o Base allocation for FY 2005: \$2,260,311,130

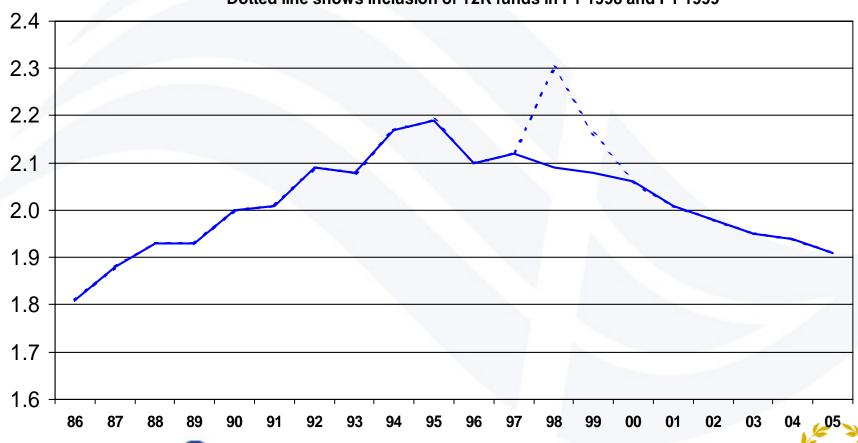




Appropriations for State UI Administration per 2.0 Million AWIU

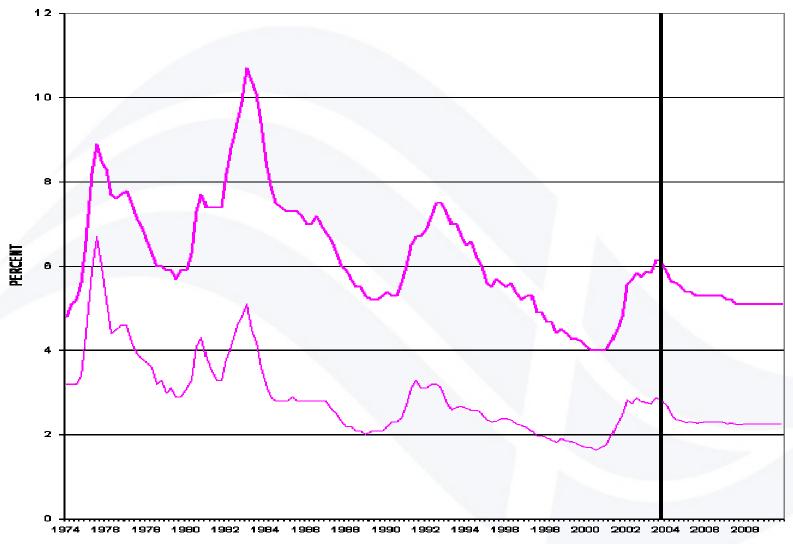
Adjusted into constant 2000 dollars

Dotted line shows inclusion of Y2K funds in FY 1998 and FY 1999





U.S. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES







Trust Fund Loans

Outstanding Loans from the Federal Unemployment Account.

Balances as of July 14, 2005 are:

o Minnesota \$ 92,367,409

o Missouri \$ 288,556,623

o North Carolina \$ 160,366,825

o New York \$ 221,445,070

O The IRS collected \$3,154,174 from New York employers reduced FUTA credit for the month of May. The total amount collected this year to date is \$138,153,472.

Contact Information

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